

## Table Flange Seal Type PFSTB

### Application.

Ideal for any application where a sanitary barrier is required. This seal is used to prevent the product entering the instrument and therefore creating an unsanitary environment. The use of this seal is designed to integrate with automated clean in place systems (CIP). The sanitary barrier will prevent plugging or damage to the instrument caused by product or cleaning solutions corrosion. They are commonly used in the food, beverage and pharmaceutical industries.

### Configuration.

Gauge pressure measurement is via capillaries or directly mounted to the instrument.

Differential pressure measurement is via capillaries.

The Table sanitary flange diaphragm seal can be supplied in a variety of sizes and pressure ratings. The flange body is available in 316L stainless steel as standard but can be supplied along with the diaphragm material in a variety of materials. Several instrument connections are available to suit most gauges and transmitters.

### Process Connection.

According to AS 2129-2000.  
Rating: Table D – Table S.  
Packing surface finish: 0.8 micron.

### Process Connection Size.

Sizes available: 2" to 4".  
Other sizes also available.

### Seal Construction.

Flange Machined from bar stock.  
Diaphragm welded directly into flange.

### Flange body materials.

316L Stainless Steel (Standard)  
304 Stainless Steel  
Hastelloy C-276  
Monel 400  
Tantalum  
Duplex 2205  
PFA (316L Stainless Steel coated)  
Other materials available on request.



### Diaphragm Materials.

316L stainless steel (Standard)  
304 stainless steel  
Hastelloy C-276  
Monel 400  
Tantalum  
Duplex 2205  
PFA (316L Stainless Steel coated)  
Gold Plated 316L Stainless Steel.  
Nickel 200  
Other materials available on request.

### Instrument Connection.

½" BSPP female (Standard).  
3/8" BSPP female.  
½" NPT female.  
Other connections available on request.

### Diaphragm size.

2" Flange seal = 52mm diaphragm.  
3" Flange seal = 58mm diaphragm.  
4" Flange seal = 89mm diaphragm.

### Zero Stability.

Stability will be affected by the instrument configuration, ambient temperature, process temperature, connection size (diaphragm size) and the measuring range. For temperature effects and instrument accuracy please contact us.