### 1.0 GENERAL

The transmitter is a second generation 'Smart' in head PT-100 temperature transmitter that converts the output to a user specified mA transmission signal. The software package RCPW can be used to program the unit.

### 2.0 SPECIFICATION @ 20°C

# 2.1 Input

Sensor PT-100 (2 or 3 wire)

Sensor Range -200 to +850°C (18 to 390 ohms)

Minimum Span<sup>1</sup> 25<sup>0</sup>

Linearisation BS EN 60751 (IEC 751) BS 1904 (DIN 43760)

JISC 1604

CUSTOM IXI3

Basic Measurement Accuracy<sup>2</sup> ±0.01% FRI ±0.05% Rdg

(FRI = Full Range Input)

Thermal Drift Zero 0.008 °C/°C, Span 100 ppm / °C

Notes. 1 Any span may be selected, full accuracy is only guaranteed for spans greater than the minimum recommended.

Basic Measurement Accuracy includes the effects of calibration, linearisation and repeatability.

 Customer linearisation requirements are available preprogrammed at the factory, contact your supplier for

details.

# 2.2 Output

Output Range 4-20mA (>3.8 to <20.2 mA)

 Maximum Output
 23mA

 Accuracy
 ±5μA

 Voltage Effect
 0.2μA /V

 Thermal Drift
 1μA / °C

 Supply Voltage
 10 to 35V

Maximum Output Load [(Vsupply -10) /20] K ohms

(e.g. 700 ohms @ 24V)

# 2.3 General

Update Time 250 mS Maximum

Time Constant (Filter Off) < 1 Second (Time to reach 63%)

final value)

Filter Factor Programmable Off. 2 seconds, 10 seconds or Adaptive

Warm-up Time 2 minutes to full accuracy

Environmental

Ambient Operating Range -40 to 85°C
Ambient Storage Temperature -50 to 100°C

Ambient Humidity Range 10 to 90% RH non condensing

**Approvals** 

Emissions EN50081 Immunity EN50082 Mechanical

Enclosure DIN standard terminal block size

Material ABS

Weight 27g

Dimensions 43mm diameter x 21mm

Communications

PC Interface RS232 via configurator

Minimum Output Load 250 ohms for 'In Loop' programming

Maximum Cable Length 1000m

Configurable Parameters Sensor type: Burnout: °C/°F: Output: Hi/Lo: Filter: Tag: User Offset

ANSI X3.28 1976

Comms Protocol ANSI X3.28 1 Data Rate 1200 baud

# 2.4 Intrinsically Safe Applications

# 2.4.1 Intrinsically Safe Applications

SEM205X EEx ia IIC T4...T6

KEMA Ex-98.D.1844X

Special conditions for safe use:- The apparatus must only be connected to intrinsically safe circuits with the following maximum values : Umax - 30V; Imax - 100mA; Pmax - 750mW

The apparatus must be housed in an enclosure which provides a degree of protection of IP20 for the terminals as per EN60529

# 2.4.2 FM Applications

Factory Mutual: Intrinsically safe apparatus for CLI, DIV1, GP ABCD T4@85°C; T5@50°C; T6@40°C for installation and maintenance see control drawing SA4-3429-01.

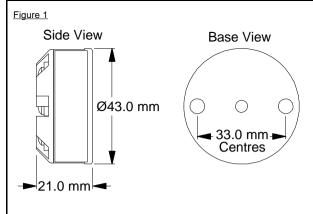
### 3.0 INSTALLATION

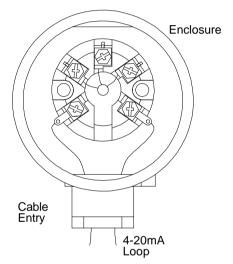
### 3.1 Mechanical

The transmitter is mounted using two 5,5mm diameter holes, on standard 33 mm fixing centres and will fit a DIN standard termination head. The transmitter should be installed with adequate protection from moisture and corrosive atmospheres.

SEM205X must be installed as section 2.4. It is the responsibility of the installer to follow the relevant installation / wiring regulations when installing apparatus in hazardous areas.

Care must be taken when locating the transmitter to ensure the ambient temperature remains within the specified operating range. Figure 1 shows the mechanical layout and a typical application of the transmitter mounted inside a termination head enclosure, with sensor wires entering through the centre of the transmitter body.





### 3.2 Electrical

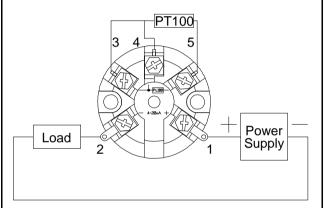
Connections to the transmitter are made to the screw terminals provided on the top face. No special wires are required for the output connections, but screened twisted pair cable are the most suitable for long runs. It is recommended that screened cable is used for the three input signal wires for cable runs greater than one metre. All three input wires must have the same core diameter to maintain equal lead resistance in each wire. A  $\emptyset$ 4.5mm hole is provided through the centre of the transmitter to allow sensor wires to be threaded through the transmitter body direct to the input screw terminals. The screw terminals have been designed to allow all connection wires to enter from an inner or an outer direction.

52-214-2231-02

Figure 2 shows the method of connection to provide a 4-20 mA current loop output. The Pt100 sensor shown would normally take the form of a probe assembly with a three wire connection. The output loop has a voltage power supply used to provide loop excitation. The load symbol represents other equipment in the loop, normally indicators, controllers or loggers. Care must be taken when designing the 4-20mA circuit to ensure that the total voltage requirements of all the equipment in the loop added together, does not exceed the power supply voltage. If a number of instruments are connected in the loop, ensure that only one instrument is tied to ground. Grounding the loop at two points will cause a short circuit of part of the loop leading to measurement errors.

To guarantee CE compliance, sensor leads must be less than 3 metres long and the transmitter housing should prevent access to the transmitter during normal operation.

Figure 2



# SEM205/P SERIES PROGRAMMABLE PT-100 IN-HEAD TEMPERATURE TRANSMITTER

# Designed, manufactured and supported by :

# STATUS INSTRUMENTS LTD

Green Lane

Tewkesbury

Glos. GL20 8HD

UK

Sales: 01684 853300

Support: 01684 853301

Fax: 01684 293746

Email: support@status.co.uk

Every effort has been taken to ensure the accuracy of this specification, however we do not accept responsibility for damage, injury, loss or expense resulting from errors and omissions, and we reserve the right of amendment without notice.

Stock code: 52-214-2231-02

Issue: 1